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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/826,153	04/16/2004	Erik C. Scher	01-002001	8584
33140 NANOSYS IN	7590 09/24/200	EXAMINER		
2625 HANOV	ER ST.	NEGIN, RUSSELL SCOTT		
PALO ALTO,	CA 94304		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1631	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/24/2009	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patents@nanosysinc.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/826,153	SCHER ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
RUSSELL S. NEGIN	1631		

	RUSSELL S. NEGIN	1631					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 14 August 2009 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
 M The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods: 	eplies: (1) an amendment, affidavi	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request				
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Is Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f)	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	date of the final rejection	n.				
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date whave been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of a value of 27 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 ension and the corresponding amount of hortened statutory period for reply origi	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	te extension fee e action; or (2) as				
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in complifiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the properties of the properties. 	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	of the date of appeal. Since a				
AMENDMENTS							
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, be (a) They raise new issues that would require further cor (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better	sideration and/or search (see NOT v);	E below);					
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	orresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	1 See attached Notice of Non-Co	mnliant Amendment (PTOL -324)				
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):		ripilant / trionamont (i	TOL OLA).				
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).	owable if submitted in a separate, t	•	_				
7. \(\subseteq For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s), a) [\) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: \[\text{Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: \]		be entered and an ex	planation of				
Claim(s) rejected: 26-37.40-42.44-48 and 60-63. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing an entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to or showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary 	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. Se	and/or appellant fails ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1)	to provide a				
 10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. ☒ The request for reconsideration has been considered but 		•					
See Continuation Sheet. 12. □ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (13. □ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).						
/Marjorie Moran/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1631							

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant's arguments filed 14 August 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant begins by arguing on page 8 of the Remarks that while Bruchez et al. may teach a plurality of nanocrystals. Bruchez et al. does not teach or suggest a plurality of different nanocrystals. As discussed in the Office action of 11 June 2009 and relierated here, the passage in the abstract stating "...more than one semiconductor nanocrystal... each of which emits at a distinct wavelength" and the alleged "biolerplate" language in Bruchez et al. [column 6, lines 44-5] teach MIXTURES of nanocrystals. Absent any edinece from applicant, the noun "mixture" is interpreted to constitute a combination of different things; consequently, Bruchez et al. teaches a plurality of different nanocrystals.

Applicant next argues that the prior art of Bruchez et al. and Mahamuni et al. teach separate emission spectra of separate species of nanocystal. In other words, applicant is arguing that neither piece of prior art teaches "emissions of the [mixed] population of nanocystals. This argument is not persuasive. First, applicant is inserting words into the claim that are not present in the pending version of the claims. In other words, the adjective "mixed" is not present in the pending claims such that an emissions population of nanocystals could be interpreted to encompass emissions of different species of separated nanocystals. Second, by using the adjective "mixed," applicant appears to acknowledge that the passage in column 8, lines 43-50 of Bruchez et al. corresponds to different species of nanocystals that are put (mixed) together. If so, this is in direct contradiction to both what is argued in the previous argument above and applicant's arguments in the middle paragraph of page 9 of the Remarks, and is somewhat confusing.

Applicant further argues with "regard to Mahamuni et al. that since only ZnO quentum dots are taught. Mahamuni et al. does not teach "emissions of the finised population comprise different wavelength ent intensities when timestile yexited with different excitation wavelengths." Again, applicant is arguing limitations that are not present in the pending claims. Furthermore, the combination of Bruchez et al. and Mahamuni et al. teach this recited limitation as previously set forth and reiterated above. Applicant continues to argue on page 9 of the Remarks that emissions of a mixed population of different nanocystals is different from separate distinct emissions of separate nanocrystals. This argument is not persuasive because the claims recite "population" and not "mixed population." Additionally, even assuming en arguendo that the population recited is a "mixed population," column 8, lines 44-50 of Bruchez et al. teach experimenting with a mixed population of nanocrystals. Consequently, the combination of prior art references makes obvious the claimed invention.

Applicant additionally argues that the reference of Bruchez et al. (which is assumed by applicant en arguende to teach a mixture of different nanconystals for only this argument) would not function with the reference of Mahamuni et al., which teaches a single species of nanconystals. Applicant argues that spectra of different species of nanconystals are not additive when mixed into a single spectrum. Therefore, there would be no reasonable expectation for success in combining the references. Additionally, or of ordinary skill in the art would not be motivated to combine Bruchez et al. with Mahamuni et al. These arguments are not persuavise because as explained on page 9 of the Office action of 11 June 2009, the motivation to combine Bruchez et al. with Mahamuni et al. is expected to expect a success in combining the references because both Bruchez et al. Additionally, there would have been a reasonable expectation of success in combining the references because both Bruchez et al. Additionally, there would have been a reasonable expectation of success in combining the references because both Bruchez et al. and Mahamuni et al. pertain to analogous quantum dots and nanconystals, therefore the use of alternating wavelengths in Mahamuni et al. is generally applicable to the mixtures of quantum dots in fluchez et al.

Applicant further argues that column 23, lines 50-60 of Bruchez et al. only teach contact of antibodies with animals and not nanocrystals with animals. This argument is not persuasive because column 23, lines 29-38 suggest the use of nanocrystals for interactions with antibodies (which are in turn out into animals).

Applicant further argues that the additional references used in the rejections of the previous Office do not overcome the alleged deficiencies of Bruchez et al. and Mahamuni et al. This argument is not persuasive because the combination of references teaches all of the limitations recited in the instant set of relected claims.